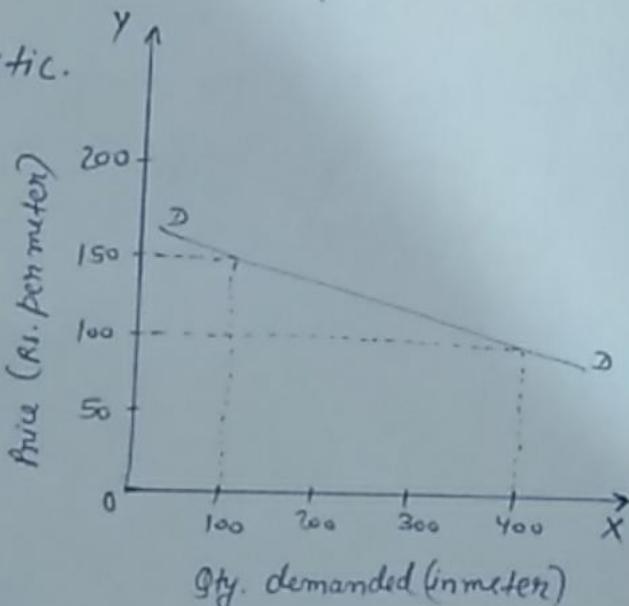


DEGREES (TYPES) OF PRICE ELASTICITY OF DEMAND-II

(iv) More than unit elastic demand ($ed > 1$):- when the percentage change in quantity demanded of a commodity is more than the percentage change in its price, the demand for the commodity is called more than unit elastic or highly elastic (Table 16-4) Graphically, the demand curve is flatter as shown in fig. 16-4. The demand for luxury goods is more than unit elastic.

Table 16-4

Price (₹ per unit)	Quantity demanded (in units)
100	400
150	100

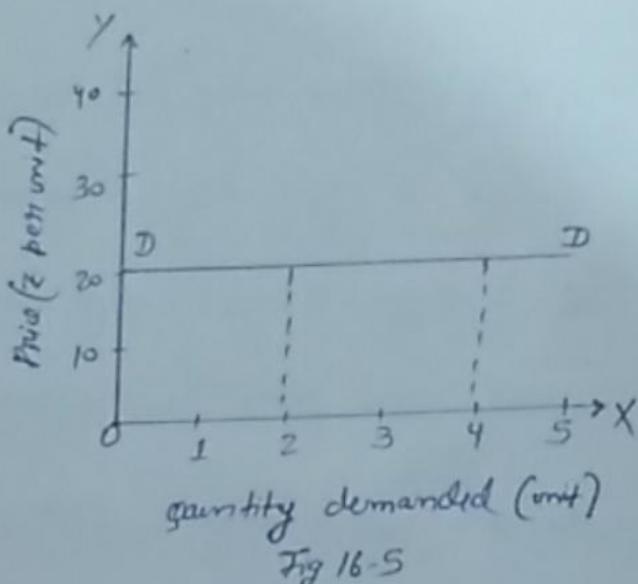


In table 16-4 the quantity demanded has fallen by 75% in response to 50% rise in the price of the commodity.

Fig. 16-4

(v) Perfectly elastic demand ($e_d = \infty$):- The demand for the commodity is called perfectly elastic when its demand expands or contracts to any extent without any little change in its price (Table 16-5). Graphically, the demand curve is parallel to X-axis as shown in Fig. 16-5.

Price (₹ per unit)	Quantity demanded (in units)
20	2
20	4



In Table 16-5 the quantity demanded of the commodity rises by 100% without change in its price.